

Sustainable use of biodiversity in environment management in Bamako city and its suburbs to promote ecotourism





Bamako, Mali



Mahamoudou WADIDIE
Hamidou BERTHE
Bamako city local government







ISSUE

Population: 1,809,106 inh. Population Growth rate: 5.4% / year (As of April 2009)

Strong pressure on forest resources and great risks of biodiversity loss

Strong pressure on land and illegal occupation

Land area of Bamako city: 24,000 ha.
Main industry: Light processing industries

ISSUE

Treeless curtain hillside (north and northwest of Bamako city)

A hill side two years ago

Banks of the River Niger undeveloped

Difficult access for tourists to market

Rainwater drainage system not well developed

Pollution of the river by waste







MEASURES: Objective and Target

Develop actions to alleviate poverty while improving substantially the quality of life in Bamako city and suburbs

Become an environment-friendly city, a leader of urban biodiversity conservation in Sahel countries

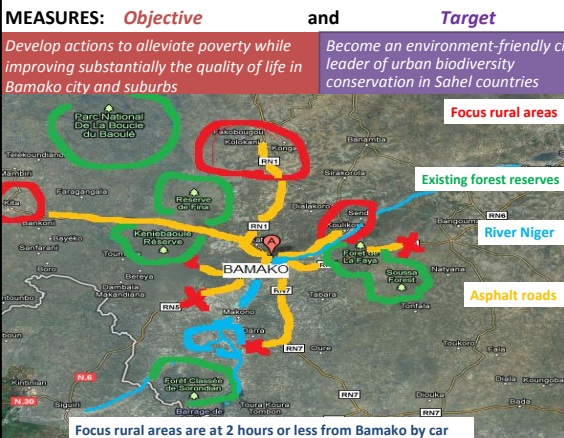
Focus rural areas

Existing forest reserves

River Niger

Asphalt roads

Focus rural areas are at 2 hours or less from Bamako by car



Diversity and new development images






Diversity and new development images